## AMENDMENT TO RULES COMMITTEE PRINT 118– 36

## OFFERED BY MR. DONALDS OF FLORIDA

At the end of subtitle C of title XXXI, insert the following:

1	SEC. 31 MILITARY DEPARTMENT USE OF ADVANCED
2	NUCLEAR REACTORS.
3	(a) IN GENERAL.—The Secretary of each of the mili-
4	tary departments shall submit to the appropriate congres-
5	sional committees a statement that, if the military depart-
6	ment concerned certifies in such statement that it is inter-
7	ested in potentially using advanced nuclear technology, an
8	identification of what the individual branch would need in
9	regards to enhancing regulatory certainty relating to de-
10	ploying advanced nuclear reactors for military operations
11	and logistical support.
12	(b) Definitions.—In this section:
13	(1) The term "appropriate congressional com-
14	mittees" means—
15	(A) the Committees on Appropriations,
16	Armed Services, Energy and Commerce, and
17	Natural Resources of the House of Representa-
18	tives; and

1	(B) the Committees on Appropriations,
2	Armed Services, Environment and Public
3	Works, and Energy and Natural Resources of
4	the Senate.
5	(2) The term "advanced nuclear reactor"
6	means—
7	(A) a nuclear fission reactor, including a
8	prototype plant (as defined in sections 50.2 and
9	52.1 of title 10, Code of Federal Regulations
10	(or successor regulations)), with significant im-
11	provements compared to reactors operating on
12	October 19, 2016, including improvements such
13	as—
14	(i) additional inherent safety features;
15	(ii) lower waste yields;
16	(iii) improved fuel and material per-
17	formance;
18	(iv) increased tolerance to loss of fuel
19	cooling;
20	(v) enhanced reliability or improved
21	resilience;
22	(vi) increased proliferation resistance;
23	(vii) increased thermal efficiency;
24	(viii) reduced consumption of cooling
25	water and other environmental impacts;

1	(ix) the ability to integrate into elec-
2	tric applications and nonelectric applica-
3	tions;
4	(x) modular sizes to allow for deploy-
5	ment that corresponds with the demand
6	for electricity or process heat; and
7	(xi) operational flexibility to respond
8	to changes in demand for electricity or
9	process heat and to complement integra-
10	tion with intermittent renewable energy or
11	energy storage;
12	(B) a fusion reactor; and
13	(C) a radioisotope power system that uti-
14	lizes heat from radioactive decay to generate
15	energy.

